

OpenNebula 3.6.0

Windows Server 2008 R2 VM creation was never these much easy before
[Includes Sunstone setup]

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Friends, I have experimented with few of the well known software tools prevailing in the industry to create an IAAS (Infrastructure As A Service) platform. I am amazed with the **speed!!** and **simplicity!!** of OpenNebula 3.6.0, especially with VMWARE VM creation and KVM based WINDOWS VM creation. This tutorial is an outcome of the enjoyment I have experienced.

In this tutorial, I am providing an easy and faster way of creating a Windows Server 2008 R2 VM and with Contextualization. This time "no Dot-net frameworks, no Powershells", Just a VB script and a Windows batch file would be enough to send your IP address and new hostname from OpenNebula to Windows VM.

Hope you may enjoy this.....

A) **Hardware requirements:**

OneVMHost:[Server/Front-end and node]

AMD-V or VT-x enabled server hardware [Hostname : OneVMHost]with at least 40+ GB HDD free space, at least 4 GB RAM.

Preparing OneVMHost:

Install Ubuntu Server 12.04 64 bit software[not covered in detail here] **in OneVMHost with following parameters:**

1. Start installation of Ubuntu 12.04 64 bit server from a CDROM or bootable USB drive.
2. Make use of following table for installation specific values.
3. Once you set the host name and select eth0 as Primary n/w, while DHCP process runs, press cancel button, which will enable you to enter IP address ,netmask, gateway manually.
4. Set the user name (e.g:localadmin) and password
5. In case of no Proxy server, just press enter.
6. While asked select "no automatic updates" to save time
7. Choose only Open SHH Server from the "Software Selection" page.
8. Have GRUB installed.
9. Go to [#Post-Installation-OneHost](#) steps given below

Table One-T1:

Partition	You need at least one dedicated partition [e.g ID: 83 System: linux]with 40+GB of free space. Better go for automated partitioning. In case of specific partition choices, go for manual one.
------------------	---

Hostname	OneVMHost
Public N/W [Set this up during installation]	[You may refer to the Sample network setup given below]
Primary n/w eth0 -IP netmask	192.168.1.174[<i>or a different one as per your setup</i>] 255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.1.1
Domain	westell.com
Username	localadmin [<i>or have your chosen one</i>]
Additional software selection	OpenSSH server alone

Setup a bridge in OneVMHost

1. Install bridge-utils using below command

```
sudo apt-get install bridge-utils
```

2. Edit "/etc/network/interfaces" file to add a "bridge". Replace the contents as given in **Table VM-T2 and restart networking**

Sample network setup for VMHost

Table VM-T2:

<pre># The loopback network interface auto lo iface lo inet loopback # The primary network interface auto eth0 iface eth0 inet manual auto br0 iface br0 inet static address 192.168.1.174 netmask 255.255.255.0 network 192.168.1.0 broadcast 192.168.1.255 gateway 192.168.1.1 # dns-* options are implemented by the resolvconf package, if installed dns-search example.com bridge_ports eth0 bridge_fd 9 bridge_hello 2 bridge_maxage 12 bridge_stp off</pre>
<pre>sudo /etc/init.d/networking restart</pre>
<p style="text-align: center;">Test the bridge</p> <pre>oneadmin@onevmhost:~/var/3\$ brctl show bridge name bridge id STP enabled interfaces br0 8000.001e671a4e9b no eth0 virbr0 8000.000000000000 yes vnet0</pre>

```
oneadmin@onevmhost:~/var/3$
```

B) CONFIGURING OneVMHost

Note: [either work directly on the server console or connect to OneHost using SSH if you have a third machine with putty or any other SSH client]

1. Create a folder `"/var/lib"`[if doesn't exist] and create a group named `"oneadmin"`

```
sudo mkdir -p /var/lib/
```

```
sudo groupadd -g 10000 oneadmin
```

2. Create a user `"oneadmin"` , add user to group `"oneadmin"` and have `/var/lib/one` as home folder.

```
sudo useradd -u 10000 -m oneadmin -d /var/lib/one -s /bin/bash -g oneadmin
```

3. Setup password for `"oneadmin"` and make `oneadmin` owner of `"/var/lib/one"`

```
sudo passwd oneadmin
```

```
sudo chown -R oneadmin:oneadmin /var/lib/one
```

4. Test by logging as user `"oneadmin"` and exit

```
su -l oneadmin
```

```
exit
```

5. Install Network file Server [NFS]

```
sudo apt-get install nfs-kernel-server
```

6. edit `/etc/exports` and add the following line to make folder `/var/lib/one/`

```
/var/lib/one
192.168.1.0/24(rw,sync,no_subtree_check,no_root_squash,anonuid=10000,anongid=10000)
```

7. . Restart NFS server

```
sudo /etc/init.d/nfs-kernel-server start
```

8. create a SSH key for `oneadmin` and disable host key checking else make all hostkeys known on the OpenNebula node.

```
su -l oneadmin
```

```
ssh-keygen
```

```
{Note - all defaults, and no passphrase.}
```



```
cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub > ~/.ssh/authorized_keys
```

```
nano ~/.ssh/config
[add below two lines to SSH config file]
Host *
StrictHostKeyChecking no
exit
```

- Exit from editor and try ssh OneVMHost, it should connect with no password

C) Install the KVM Hypervisor in OneVMHost

Install libvirt and Qemu.

```
Sudo apt-get install qemu-kvm libvirt-bin ubuntu-vm-builder bridge-utils ruby
```

- Libvirt needs to be configured to enable users of group "oneadmin" to manage the Vms and to allow VNC connections. Edit "/etc/libvirt/libvirtd.conf" and make the following two changes

```
unix_sock_group = "oneadmin"
(Search for string "unix_sock", if commented, uncomment this line and change the existing value to "oneadmin").
```

- Edit /etc/libvirt/qemu.conf and uncomment vnc_listen line and restart libvirt

```
vnc_listen = "0.0.0.0"
```

```
sudo service libvirt-bin restart
```

- Configure libvirt to allow access from the members of group "oneadmin"

```
sudo chown :oneadmin /var/run/libvirt/libvirt-sock
```

D) INSTALL and CONFIGURE OpenNebula in OneVMHost.

- Login to OneHost and download OpenNebula Release 3.6.0

```
su -l oneadmin
Download Latest release of OpenNebula [opennebula-3.6.0.tar] from http://downloads.opennebula.org/
```

- Un-tar the build

```
tar xzf opennebula-3.6.0.tar.gz
cd opennebula-3.6.0/
```

- Before installing OpenNebula, install all pre-requisite packages

```
sudo apt-get install libsqlite3-dev libxmlrpc-c3-dev g++ ruby libopenssl-ruby libssl-dev ruby-dev
sudo apt-get install libxml2-dev libmysqlclient-dev libmysql++-dev libsqlite3-ruby libexpat1-dev
sudo apt-get install rake rubygems libxml-parser-ruby1.8 libxslt1-dev genisoimage scons
sudo apt-get install rails thin
sudo gem install json sinatra thin
sudo gem install nokogiri rake xmlparser
```

sudo apt-get install mysql-server [set the password when asked. I normally give “mygreatsecret” as the pwd]

configure MySQL: <refer below screen shot in case of any doubt)

```
mysql -uroot -pmygreatsecret
```

```
CREATE USER 'oneadmin'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'oneadmin';
```

```
CREATE DATABASE opennebula;
```

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON opennebula.* TO 'oneadmin' IDENTIFIED BY 'oneadmin';
```

```
quit;
```

```
oneadmin@OneHost:~/opennebula-3.1.90$ mysql -uroot -pmygreatsecret
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 39
Server version: 5.1.58-1ubuntu1 (Ubuntu)

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and you are welcome to modify and redistribute it under the GPL v2 license

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> CREATE USER 'oneadmin'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'oneadmin';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> CREATE DATABASE opennebula;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON opennebula.* TO 'oneadmin' IDENTIFIED BY 'oneadmin';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> quit;
Bye
oneadmin@OneHost:~/opennebula-3.1.90$
```

4. Before installing OpenNebula, configure mysql support.

```
cd ~/opennebula-3.1.4 [change your folder to opennebula source]
scons sqlite=no mysql=yes
```

5. Install opennebula in /var/lib/one accessible by group oneadmin and as user "oneadmin"

```
./install.sh -u oneadmin -g oneadmin -d /var/lib/one
```

6. Create a profile file[~/bash_profile] to set ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES required to start and use services rendered by "one"

```
nano ~/.bash_profile
export ONE_LOCATION=/var/lib/one
export ONE_AUTH=$ONE_LOCATION/one/one_auth
export ONE_XMLRPC=http://localhost:2633/RPC2
export PATH=$ONE_LOCATION/bin:/usr/local/bin:/var/lib/gems/1.8/bin:/var/lib/gems/1.8:$PATH
```

7. execute the profile file and set the environment variables

```
source ~/.bash_profile
```

[Note: Anytime you open a new SSH window for OneHost, change user to “oneadmin” and source ~/.bash_profile before issuing any “one” command]

8. Create and store OpenNebula user and password in a file. Substitute <TYPE THE PASSWORD HERE> with value

```
mkdir ~/.one
echo "oneadmin:<TYPE THE PASSWORD HERE>" > ~/.one/one_auth
```

9. Make required changes in OpenNebula configuration file `~/etc/oned.conf`

```
nano ~/etc/oned.conf
```

a. comment following line # Line 58 or near by [c change if your password for oneadmin is some different]
`#DB = [backend = "sqlite"]`

b. Set SQL as MYSQL-uncomment #lines 61 through 66 or near by

```
DB = [ backend = "mysql",
server = "localhost",
port = 0,
user = "oneadmin",
passwd = "oneadmin",
db_name = "opennebula" ]
```

10. Start Nebula

```
one start { Note: it should start with no error messages }
```

11. Now You can test OpenNebula services

`onevm list` - this command should execute with no errors. (The list will be empty for now)

```
oneadmin@onevmhost:~/ttylinux$ onevm list
ID USER  GROUP  NAME      STAT CPU  MEM  HOSTNAME  TIME
```

E) ADMINSTRING OpenNebula

1. ADD A HOST

Checkpoints:

- check `/etc/hosts` file of OneHost and VMHost for Hostname entries.
- Try ssh VMHost from \$ prompt and you should be able to login with no password.]

```
format : onehost create <hostname> --im <im_mad> --vm <vmm_mad> kvm --net
dummy
```

where `im_mad` specifies "Information drivers" -used to monitor the host

`vmm_mad` specifies "Virtualization Drivers" -used to manage VMs

Note: Refer `oned.conf` file to check all "mad" definitions.

```
onehost create onevmhost --im im_kvm --vm vmm_kvm --net dummy
```

Note: [from version 3.0 onwards a 4th parameter `vnm_mad` is mandatory]

2. To list host(s)

```
onehost list
```

```
oneadmin@onevmhost:~/opennebula-3.6.0.1$ onehost list
ID NAME      CLUSTER  RVM  TCPU  FCPU  ACPU  TMEM  FMEM  AMEM  STAT
1 onevmhost -      0    800  795  800  7.5G  7.2G  7.5G  on
```

once you register a Host check the STAT flag. It should display "on".

You may need to debug log files if Value "Err" is display for STAT.

Note :Common cause of "Err" flag will be either password less connection to OneVMHost is lost or VMHost is not available to OneHost.

Hint: Just type onehost and press enter to get all available parameters.

Command "onehost top" will display the output of "onehost list" continuously.

In case of any errors just check ~/var/oned.log

- To obtain detailed information about the registered host use the "show" function of "onehost" command

```
onehost show <host ID> /<host_Name>
e.g onehost show 1 or onehost show onevmhost
```

```
oneadmin@onevmhost:~/ttylinux$ onehost show 1
```

```
HOST 1 INFORMATION
ID      : 1
NAME    : onevmhost
CLUSTER : -
STATE   : MONITORED
IM_MAD  : im_kvm
VM_MAD  : vmm_kvm
VN_MAD  : dummy
LAST MONITORING TIME : 1337537428
```

```
HOST SHARES
MAX MEM      : 7884552
USED MEM (REAL) : 391552
USED MEM (ALLOCATED) : 65536
MAX CPU      : 800
USED CPU (REAL) : 0
USED CPU (ALLOCATED) : 10
MAX DISK     : 0
USED DISK (REAL) : 0
USED DISK (ALLOCATED) : 0
RUNNING VMS  : 1
```

```
MONITORING INFORMATION
ARCH="x86_64"
CPUSPEED="1600"
FREECPU="799.2"
FREEMEMORY="7493000"
```



```
HOSTNAME="onevhost"
HYPERVISOR="kvm"
MODELNAME="Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E31230 @ 3.20GHz"
NETRX="0"
NETTX="0"
TOTALCPU="800"
TOTALMEMORY="7884552"
USEDGPU="0.7999999999999955"
USEDMEMORY="391552"
```

F) Configure for Sunstone web interface

Ensure that you have the following installed
sudo apt-get install rails thin
sudo gem install json sinatra thin

Due to certain versions of Ruby, anytime if you get a date format error, you can remove it by
sudo sed -i 's/ 00:00:00.000000000Z//' /var/lib/gems/1.8/specifications/*

```
ln -s /usr/bin/rackup1.8 /usr/bin/rackup
```

Edit /var/lib/one/etc/sunstone-server.conf and make following changes

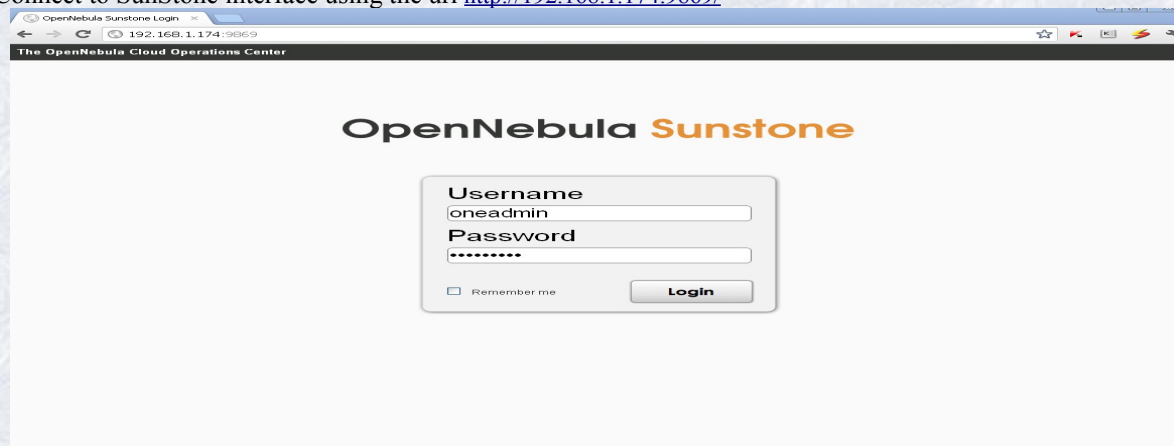
```
# Server Configuration
:host: 192.168.1.174
:port: 9869
```

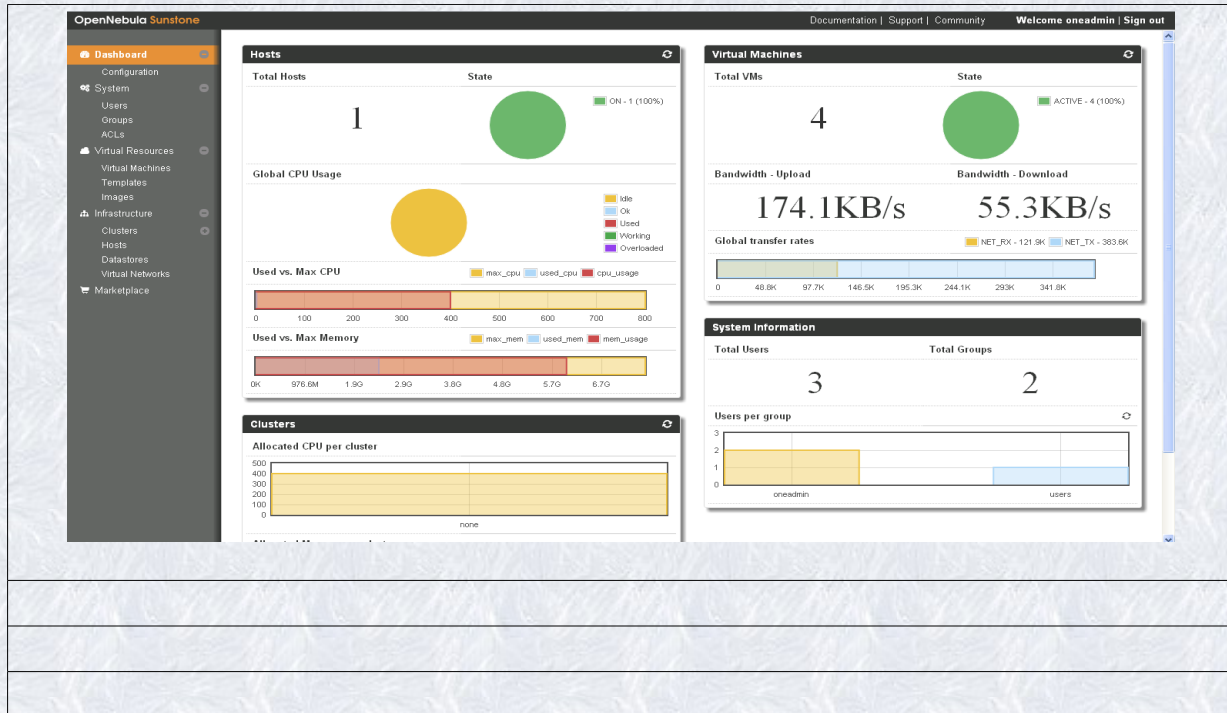
Install novnc

```
$cd /var/lib/one/share
$./install_novnc.sh -d /var/lib/one
You should get echo "Installation successful"
```

```
oneadmin@onehost:~/template$ sunstone-server start
sunstone-server started
```

Connect to SunStone interface using the url <http://192.168.1.174:9869/>





G) Creating a Windows Server 2008 R2 VM

Have a Windows Server 2008 R2 install disk as an ISO file and store it in /var/lib/image/iso folder

➤ to create an ISO from CD/DVD ROM , \$dd if=/dev/dvd of=win2008.iso

Create a folder /var/lib/images and make oneadmin as the owner of the folder

```
mkdir /var/lib/image
chown -R oneadmin /var/lib/image
```

Create an empty Image file of 15 G

```
qemu-img create -f raw win2008-1.img 15G
```

Download virtio drivers and store it in /var/lib/one/template/ folder

```
wget http://alt.fedoraproject.org/pub/alt/virtio-win/latest/images/bin/virtio-win-0.1-22.iso
```

Create a Libvirt deployment file [/var/lib/image/win-deployment] and store below content.

```
nano /var/lib/image/win2008-deployment
<domain type='kvm' xmlns:qemu='http://libvirt.org/schemas/domain/qemu/1.0'>
<name>win2008</name>
<memory>1048576</memory>
<os>
<type arch='x86_64'>hvm</type>
<boot dev='cdrom' />
<boot dev='hd' />
</os>
<on_reboot>restart</on_reboot>
<on_crash>restart</on_crash>
<devices>
<emulator>/usr/bin/kvm</emulator>
<disk type='file' device='disk'>
<source file='/var/lib/one/images/win2008-1.img' />
<target dev='vda' bus='virtio' />
<driver name='qemu' type='raw' cache='default' />
</disk>
```

```

<disk type='file' device='cdrom'>
<driver name='qemu' type='raw'>
<target dev='hdc' bus='ide'>
<readonly/>
<source file='/var/lib/one/iso/win2008.iso'>
<address type='drive' controller='0' bus='1' unit='0'>
</disk>
<disk type='file' device='cdrom'>
<driver name='qemu' type='raw'>
<source file='/var/lib/one/template/virtio-win-0.1-22.iso'>
<target dev='hdd' bus='ide'>
<readonly/>
</disk>
<controller type='ide' index='0'>
<address type='pci' domain='0x0000' bus='0x00' slot='0x01' function='0x1'>
</controller>
<!--use one network -->
<interface type='network'>
<source network='default'>
</interface>
<graphics type='vnc' port='5950'>
</devices>
<features>
<acpi/>
</features>
</domain>

```

Instead of using virtio, if you want to go ahead with hda,
Just replace the <disk> virto section with the following line highlighted in red.

```

<disk type='file' device='disk'>
<source file='/var/lib/one/images/win2008.img'>
<target dev='hda'>
<driver name='qemu' type='raw' cache='default'>
</disk>

```

Start virsh by typing “virsh” on the \$prompt . You will be taken to Virtual-shell
On the virsh # prompt type the below and press enter
`virsh # create /var/lib/image/win_deployment`

You will get an output similar to below

```

virsh # create /var/lib/image/win_deployment
Domain win2008 created from /var/lib/image/win_deployment

```

You will be able to monitor the Windows Installation through a VNC console. To get the VNC console PORT # ,
type below commands [list and then vncdisplay] in Virsh# prompt

```

virsh # list
Id Name      State
-----
 9 win2008    running

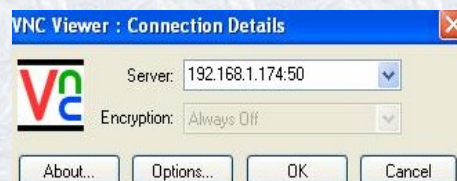
```

```

virsh # vncdisplay 9
:50

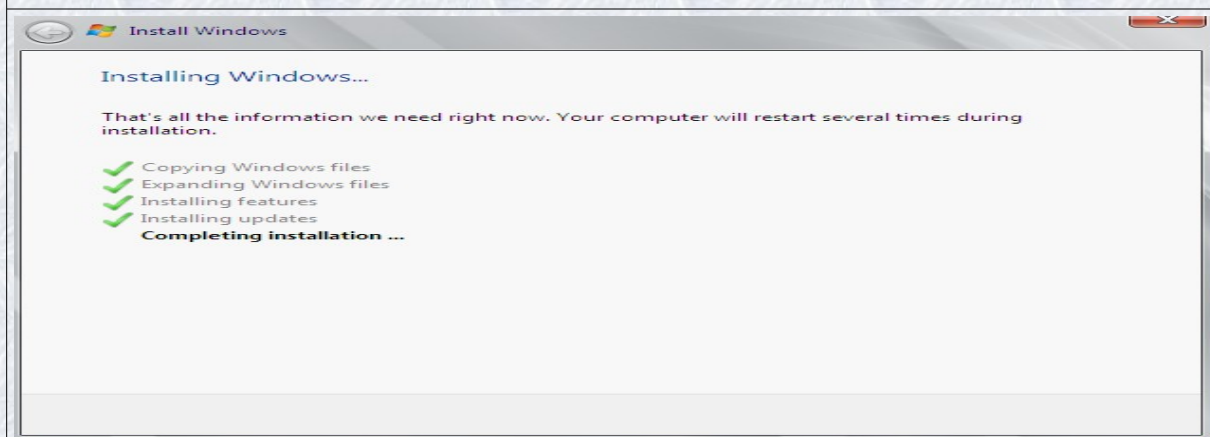
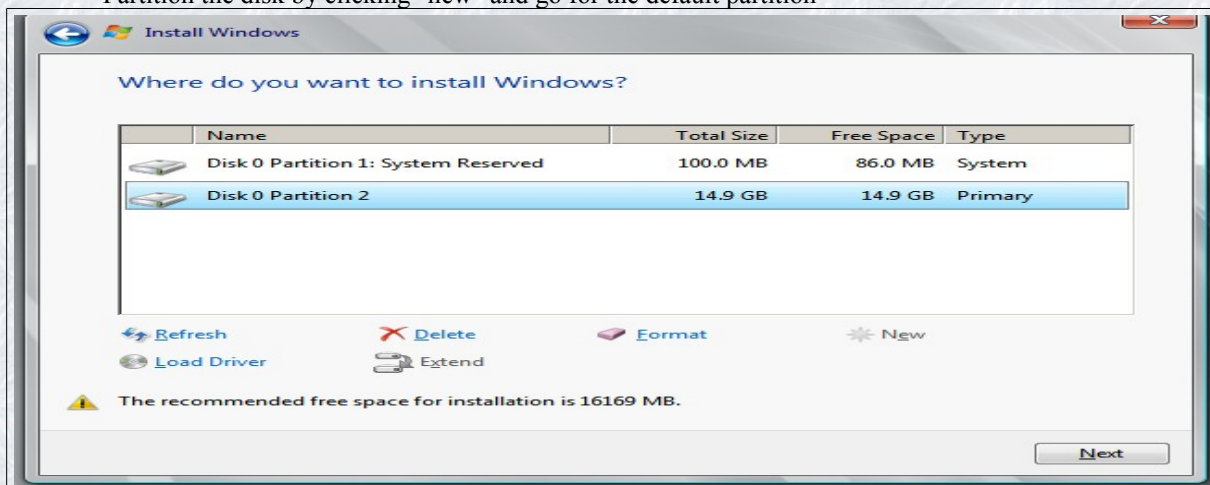
```

Monitor Windows Server 2008 R2 installation through VNC viewer, with the IP → 192.168.1.174:50



When asked

- When asked , install the VIRTIO dirvers from CDROM
- Partition the disk by clicking "new" and go for the default partition

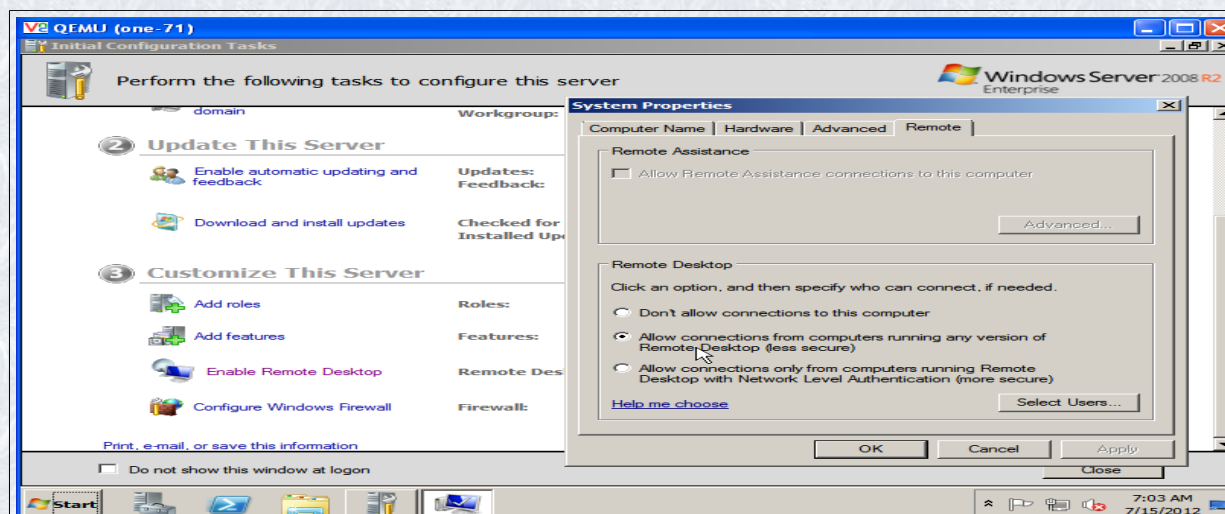


- Provide password for Administrator.

Complete the Windows Server 2008 R2 installation

Enable remote desktop access

Disable Windows Firewall -click the icon "Windows Security alerts" in the taskbar and switch firewall to OFF state in the resulting window.



Create two new folders in C drive , admin and autorun [within admin]

```
mkdir admin
cd admin
mkdir autorun
cd autorun
```

Create a **StartupScript.bat** in `c:\admin\autorun` folder, and store following content in it.

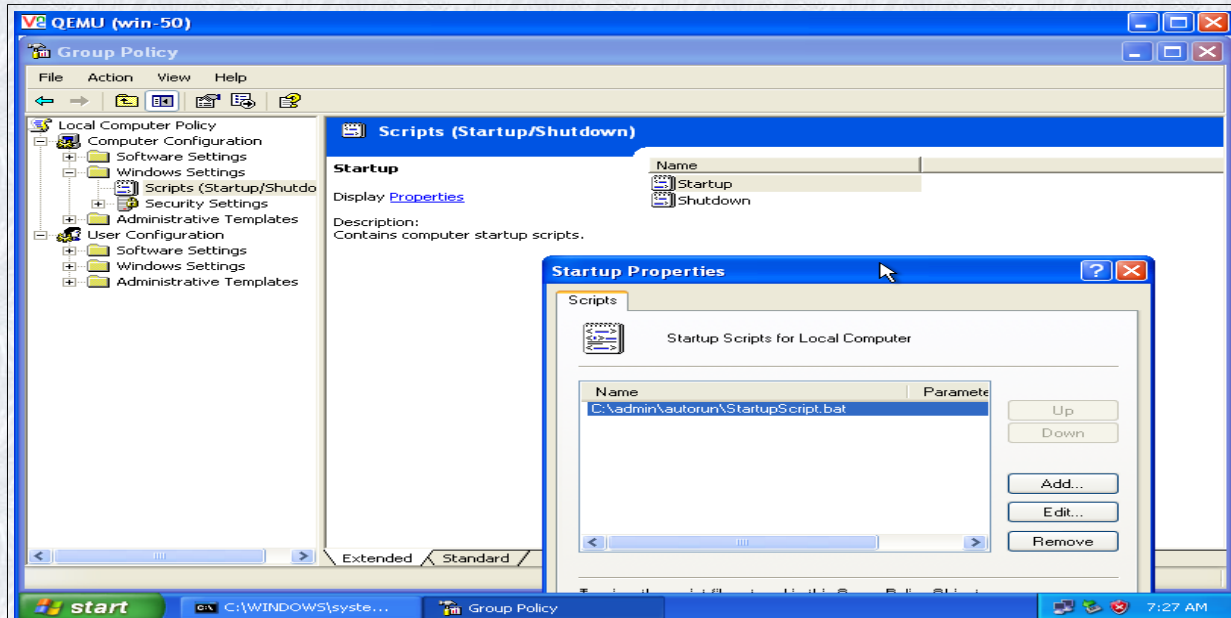
StartupScript.bat

:: Below file will be available only when WINDOWS instance starts as a guest OS in side VM. You just specify it for now.
call d:\setcontextvals.bat

Currently you donot have [d:\setcontextvals.bat](#) file. But do not bother, we will soon create it with in OpenNebula front end and pass it on to the Windows instance.

Schedule **StartupScript.bat** to run on System startup:

2. Start -> Run -> "gpedit.msc"
 3. Expand Computer Configuration\Windows Settings\Scripts
 4. Double Click Startup
 5. Click Add...
 6. Enter `c:\admin\autorun\StartupScript.bat` for the Script Name
 7. Leave Script Parameters blank
 8. Click the OK button
- Refer below screen shot.



Shutdown Windows.

Now, convert the image file from “raw” to “qcow” so that one will have no issues in understanding it. Should be run from VMHost.

```
qemu-img convert -O qcow2 win2008-1.img win2008-2.qcow2
```

On successful completion, you will have a new file “win2008-2.qcow2” created. The size will be much smaller and will be around 8G compared to the img file which was 15G

Make a copy of this file and preserve it somewhere.

```
Move the win2008-2.qcow2 file to /var/lib/one/var/datastores/ folder
mv /var/lib/image/ win-2008 Server R2-2.qcow2 /var/lib/one/var/datastores/ win2008-2.qcow2
```

Let's now move to OpenNebula.

List the available datastores:

```
oneadmin@onevmhost:~$ onedatastore list
ID NAME      CLUSTER IMAGES TYPE  TM
0 system    -      0      -  shared
1 default   -      0      fs  shared
```

Create a folder “template” with in /var/lib/one to store all template files

```
mkdir /var/lib/one/template
```

Create a image definition template file /var/lib/one/template/Win2008.img and store below content in it. Save and Exit

```
NAME = "Win2008-NoPersistence"
SOURCE = /var/lib/one/var/datastores/win2008-2.qcow2
TYPE = OS
PUBLIC = YES
```

Create an image with default datastore

```
oneimage create win2008.img -d default
```

List the image to check the status of it. On successful creation It should show “Rdy” status.

```
oneadmin@onevmhost:~$ oneimage list
ID USER  GROUP  NAME      DATASTORE  SIZE TYPE PER STAT  RVMS
```

```

15 oneadmin oneadmin Win2008-NoPers default 0M OS No rdy 0
oneadmin@onevmhost:~$ oneimage show 6
ID          : 15
NAME       : Win2K8R2-3-NoPersistence
USER      : oneadmin
GROUP     : oneadmin
DATASTORE : production
TYPE      : OS
REGISTER TIME : 07/15 13:15:34
PERSISTENT : No
SOURCE    : /var/lib/one/var/datastores/win2008-2.qcow2
SIZE      : 0M
STATE     : rdy
RUNNING_VMS : 0

PERMISSIONS
OWNER      : um-
GROUP     : ---
OTHER     : ---

IMAGE TEMPLATE
DEV_PREFIX="hd"
PUBLIC="YES"
oneadmin@onehost:~/template$

```

In case of any errors during image creation, cross check the following,

1. Syntax errors in image creation template
2. Ownership of the qcow2 file should be with “oneadmin”

List the datastore again, you will see the value for “image” changes to “1” for default DS

```

oneadmin@onevmhost:~$ onedatastore list
ID NAME      CLUSTER IMAGES TYPE TM
0 system    - 0 - shared
1 default   - 1 fs shared

```

Create a Vnet definition template `/var/lib/one/template/winxp.net` and store following content in it. Save exit

```

NAME = "private-win-d"
TYPE = RANGED
BRIDGE = br0
NETWORK_SIZE = C
IP_START = 192.168.1.2
IP_END = 192.168.1.25
VLAN = NO
NETWORK_MASK = 255.255.255.0
# Custom Attributes to be used in Context
GATEWAY = 192.168.1.1
DNS = 192.168.1.1

```

Create a Vnet,

```
onevnet create /var/lib/one/template/winxp.net
```

```
oneadmin@onevmhost:/home/localadmin$ onevnet list
```

```

ID USER  GROUP  NAME          CLUSTER  TYPE BRIDGE LEASES
6 oneadmin oneadmin private-win-d - R br0 0

```

Create a VM template file `/var/lib/one/template/win2008.one` and store following content in it. Check for the IMAGE ID and VnetID.

Note: If you are using “hda” instead of virtio, replace **TARGET=vda** to **TARGET=hda**.

```

HOSTNAME = onehost
#CONTEXT definition section
CONTEXT=[FILES="/var/lib/one/.ssh/id_rsa.pub /var/lib/one/images/setcontextvals.bat /var/lib/one/images/sethostname.vbs",
HOSTNAME=Win2008-$VMID,
IP_PUBLIC="$NIC[IP, NETWORK="private-win-d"]",
PASSWORD=Redhat123456,
ROOT_PUBKEY=id_rsa.pub,
USERNAME=Administrator]

```

```
#CAPACITY Definition
NAME=Windows2K8R2-NoPers
CPU=1
MEMORY=2048
# OS image, mapped to hda.
DISK=[ DRIVER=qcow2, READONLY=no, IMAGE_ID = 15, TARGET=vda, TYPE=disk ]
FEATURES=[ ACPI=yes ]
# I/O Devices Section
GRAPHICS=[ TYPE=vnc ]
#NETWORK Section:
NIC=[network = "private-win-d" ]
#OS and BOOT Options Section
OS=[ ARCH=x86_64, BOOT=hd ]
#RAW Section
RAW=[ TYPE=kvm ]
```

Store/preserve the VM template in OpenNebula using onetemplate command
 onetemplate create ~/template/winxp.one

Test the creation using List and show commands

```
oneadmin@onevmhost:~$ onetemplate list
  ID USER  GROUP  NAME                REGTIME
  7 oneadmin oneadmin WindowsXP-NoPer    05/28 09:50:44
oneadmin@onevmhost:~$ onetemplate show 6
TEMPLATE 6 INFORMATION
ID       : 6
NAME     : Windows2008-NoPers
USER     : oneadmin
GROUP    : oneadmin
REGISTER TIME : 05/28 09:50:44

PERMISSIONS
OWNER    : um-
GROUP    : ---
OTHER    : ---

TEMPLATE CONTENTS
CONTEXT=[
FILES="/var/lib/one/ssh/id_rsa.pub /var/lib/one/images/setcontextvals.bat /var/lib/one/images/sethostname.vbs",
HOSTNAME="Win2008-SVMID",
IP_PUBLIC="$NIC[IP, NETWORK="private-win-d"]",
PASSWORD="redhat123456",
ROOT_PUBKEY="id_rsa.pub",
USERNAME="Administrator" ]
CPU="1"
DISK=[
DRIVER="qcow2",
IMAGE_ID="6",
READONLY="no",
TARGET="vda",
TYPE="disk" ]
FEATURES=[
ACPI="yes" ]
GRAPHICS=[
TYPE="vnc" ]
HOSTNAME="onevmhost"
MEMORY="1024"
NAME="Windows2008-NoPers"
NIC=[
NETWORK="private-win-d" ]
OS=[
ARCH="x86_64",
BOOT="hd" ]
RAW=[
TYPE="kvm" ]
TEMPLATE_ID="6"
```

Create the files specified in the CONTEXT section

- Create a folder /var/lib/one/images
 mkdir /var/lib/one/images
- Create a file /var/lib/one/images/setcontextvals.bat and store below content in it . This batch script will extract the IP address and HOSTNAME from the context.sh file. Context.sh file will be automatically created by OpenNebula based on the CONTEXT section in the VM Template file, VM Creation process, stores the context.sh file in a Virtual CDROM (for Windows instance , assume the CDROM is “D” drive) with the VM instance.


```

@echo off
setlocal ENABLEDELAYEDEXPANSION
for /F "skip=3 eol= tokens=*" %%S in (d:\context.sh) do (set line2=%%S&goto:forend2)
:forend2
REM echo line2=%line2%
set IPADD=%line2:~11,13%
REM echo %IPADD%
for /F "skip=2 eol= tokens=*" %%S in (d:\context.sh) do (set line1=%%S&goto:forend3)
:forend3
REM echo line1=%line1%
rem set hostname=!line1:~10,8!
rem echo hostname is !hostname!

setlocal
set str=%line1:HOSTNAME=%%
set str=%str:,=%
rem set hostname=%str:~1,-1%
REM echo %hostname%
call :dequote %str%
REM echo ret=%ret%
endlocal
goto :eof

:dequote
setlocal
rem The tilde in the next line is the really important bit.
set thestring=%~1
endlocal&set ret=%thestring%
call d:\sethostname.vbs %ret%
netsh int ip set address "Local Area Connection" static %IPADD% 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1 1
netsh int ip set dns "Local Area Connection" static 192.168.1.1 primary

goto :eof

```

- Create a file `/var/lib/one/images/sethostname.vbs`. Save and exit.
- This VB Script will change the hostname to the value passed by the CONTEXT section. [e.g. Win2008-72]

```

nHOSTNAME = Wscript.Arguments(0)
sNewName = nHOSTNAME
Set oShell = CreateObject ("WScript.shell")
sCCS = "HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\"
sTcpipParamsRegPath = sCCS & "Services\Tcpip\Parameters\"
nHOSTNAME = Wscript.Arguments(0)
sNewName = nHOSTNAME
Set oShell = CreateObject ("WScript.shell")
sCCS = "HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\"
sTcpipParamsRegPath = sCCS & "Services\Tcpip\Parameters\"
sCompNameRegPath = sCCS & "Control\ComputerName\"
With oShell
.RegDelete sTcpipParamsRegPath & "Hostname"
.RegDelete sTcpipParamsRegPath & "NV Hostname"
.RegWrite sCompNameRegPath & "ComputerName\ComputerName", sNewName
.RegWrite sCompNameRegPath & "ActiveComputerName\ComputerName", sNewName
.RegWrite sTcpipParamsRegPath & "Hostname", sNewName
.RegWrite sTcpipParamsRegPath & "NV Hostname", sNewName
End With ' oShell
rem Dim objShell
rem Set objShell = WScript.CreateObject("WScript.Shell")
rem objShell.Run "C:\WINDOWS\system32\shutdown.exe -r -t 0"

```

Instantiate the VM using onetemplate command

```

onetemplate instantiate 6          or
onevm create win2008.one

```

Monitor the progress of VM creation using onevm top command

onevm top

ID	USER	GROUP	NAME	STAT	CPU	MEM	HOSTNAME	TIME
72	oneadmin	oneadmin	Windows2K8R2-No	runn	23	2G	onehost	0d 01h00

Get the IP address and PORT of the Running VM

```
oneadmin@onevmhost:~$ onevm show 72 | grep IP
```

```
IP_PUBLIC="192.168.1.7",
```

```
IP="192.168.1.7",
```

```
oneadmin@onevmhost:~$ onevm show 72 | grep PORT
```

```
PORT="5972",
```

Test by pinging the IP 192.168.1.7. It will Ping. If it does not Ping, Check through VNC console that whether you have disabled the Windows Firewall. Disable it.

Connect to Windows instance through Remote desktop.

Check to see if the IP address is set to 192.168.1.7 and hostname is changed to WinXP-39.



Initial Configuration Tasks

192.168.1.7

Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise

Perform the following tasks to configure this server

1 Provide Computer Information

- Activate Windows
- Set time zone
- Configure networking
- Provide computer name and domain

2 Update This Server

- Enable automatic updating and feedback
- Download and install updates

3 Customize This Server

- Add roles
- Add features
- Enable Remote Desktop
- Configure Windows Firewall

```
Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe
D:\>hostname
WinXP-72
D:\>ipconfig
Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::11c:83c6:b834:ec57%12
    IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.1.7
    Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 192.168.1.1

Tunnel adapter Local Area Connection* 9:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 
    IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2001:0:4137:9c76:5c:28ea:3f57:fef8
    Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::5c:28ea:3f57:fef8%11
    Default Gateway . . . . . : 

Tunnel adapter isatap.{0110E9B4-1F08-4DCB-968B-CAC0B0A85636}:

    Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 
D:\>_
```

OpenNebula Sunstone

Documentation | Support | Community

Welcome oneadmin | Sign out

Virtual Machines

Show 10 entries Show / hide columns Search:

All	ID	Owner	Group	Name	Status	Hostname	IPs	VNC Access
<input type="checkbox"/>	68	oneadmin	oneadmin	one-68	UNKNOWN	onehost	--	
<input type="checkbox"/>	69	oneadmin	oneadmin	one-69	UNKNOWN	onehost	192.168.1.30	
<input type="checkbox"/>	70	oneadmin	oneadmin	Windows2k8R2-NoPers	UNKNOWN	onehost	192.168.1.5	
<input type="checkbox"/>	72	oneadmin	oneadmin	Windows2k8R2-NoPers	RUNNING	onehost	192.168.1.7	

Showing 1 to 4 of 4 entries

VM information | Disks & Hotplugging | VM Template | VM log | History information | Monitoring information

Virtual Machine Information - Windows2k8R2-NoPers

ID	72
Name	Windows2k8R2-NoPers
Owner	oneadmin
Group	oneadmin
State	ACTIVE
LCM State	RUNNING
Hostname	onehost
Start time	13.05.05 07/15/2012
Deploy ID	one-72
Permissions	
Owner	u3-

Monitoring Information

Net_TX	379771
Net_RX	118660
Used Memory	2G
Used CPU	12
VNC Session	

VNC access icon is enabled

The screenshot shows the OpenNebula Sunstone web interface. On the left is a navigation menu with categories like Dashboard, System, Virtual Resources, and Infrastructure. The main area displays a 'Virtual Machines' table with columns for ID, Owner, and Group. Below the table is a 'Virtual Machine Information' section for VM ID 72, showing details like Name (Windows2K8R2-N...), Owner (oneadmin), State (ACTIVE), and LCM State (RUNNING). Overlaid on the interface is a 'VNC connection' window for a QEMU VM (one-72). This window displays the 'Initial Configuration Tasks' for Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise, including sections for 'Update This Server' (with options for automatic updates and downloading updates) and 'Customize This Server' (with options for adding roles/features and enabling Remote Desktop). The task list includes: Configure networking (Local Area Connection: 192.168.1.7, IPv6 enabled), Provide computer name and domain (Full Computer Name: WinXP-72, Workgroup: WORKGROUP), Update This Server (Updating your Windows server), Enable automatic updating and feedback (Updates: Not configured, Feedback: Windows Error Reporting off), Download and install updates (Checked for Updates: Never, Installed Updates: Never), Customize This Server (Customizing your server), Add roles (Roles: None), Add features (Features: None), Enable Remote Desktop (Remote Desktop: Enabled), and Configure Windows Firewall (Firewall: Public: Off). A 'Do not show this window at logon' checkbox and a 'Close' button are at the bottom of the configuration window.

That's it. You have successfully created a Windows2008 Server R2 and set the IP address and hostname as passed by OpenNebula CONTEXT section

If you liked this tutorial, post a comment to cloud.b.lab@zoho.com